

Nanotechnology

Overview and Relevance to Occupational Health

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THE PEW CHARITABLE TRUSTS

Nanotechnology and Potential Health Impact





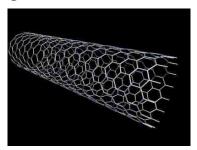
ETC Group Occasional paper Series. Volume 7 No. 1. April 2003

Nanotechnology

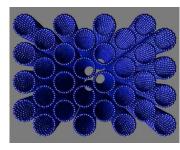
Science Fiction or Science Fact?



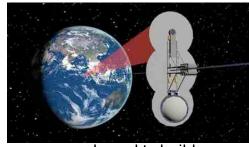
Imagine...



A material where strength is governed by atomic bonds...



... that can be woven into super-strong strands and ropes...



... and used to build an elevator to space!

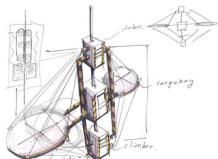
Nanotechnology is turning fiction to reality...



www.liftport.com









Countdown to Lift: April 12, 2018

Single Walled Carbon nanotubes

Nanotechnology



Definition

- Development/engineering of new devices and materials which demonstrate unique properties asociated with structures on a nanometer length-scale
- Nanometer scale: less than ~100 nm

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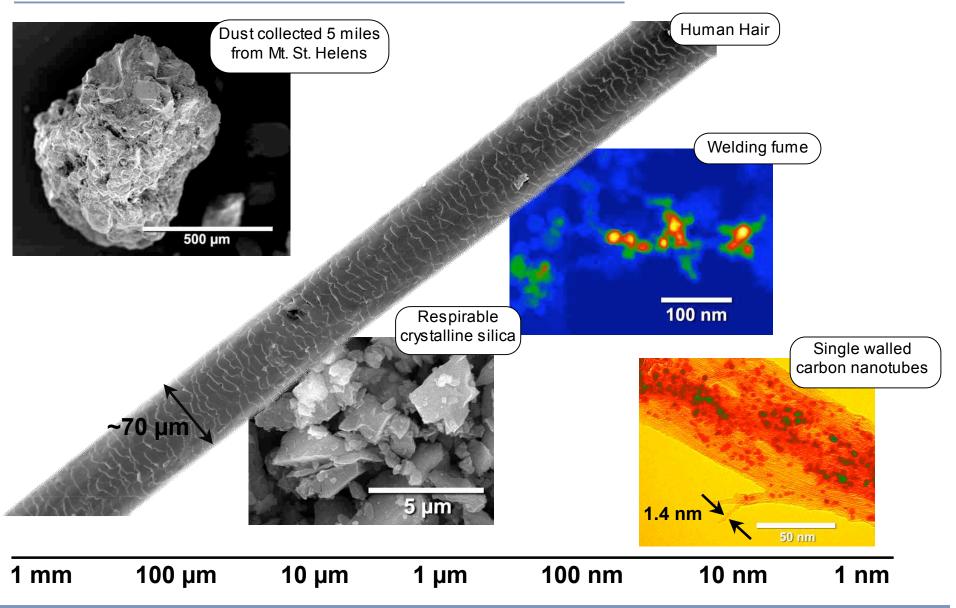
Includes:

- Engineered nano-scale surface layers
- Engineered nano-scale structures (discrete or heterogeneous)
- Engineered nano-scale devices

From Micro to Nano..

"Nano" is less than 100 nm

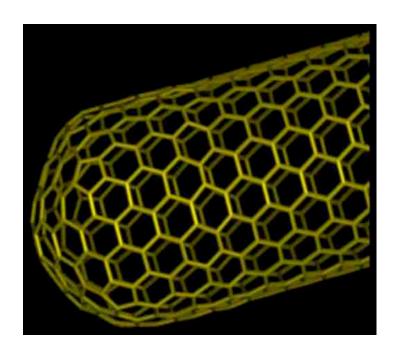




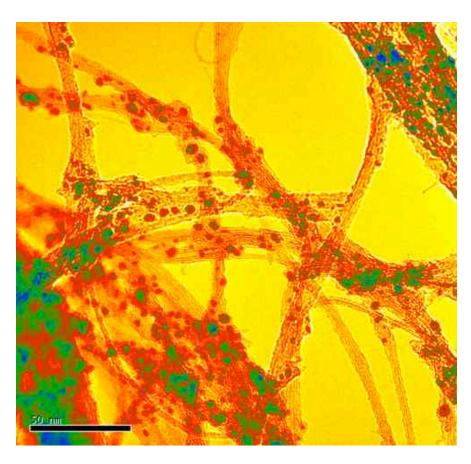
Unique Structures and Morphologies

Single Walled Carbon Nanotubes





- 1.4 nm in diameter
- Micrometers in length
- Unique physical, chemical and electronic properties

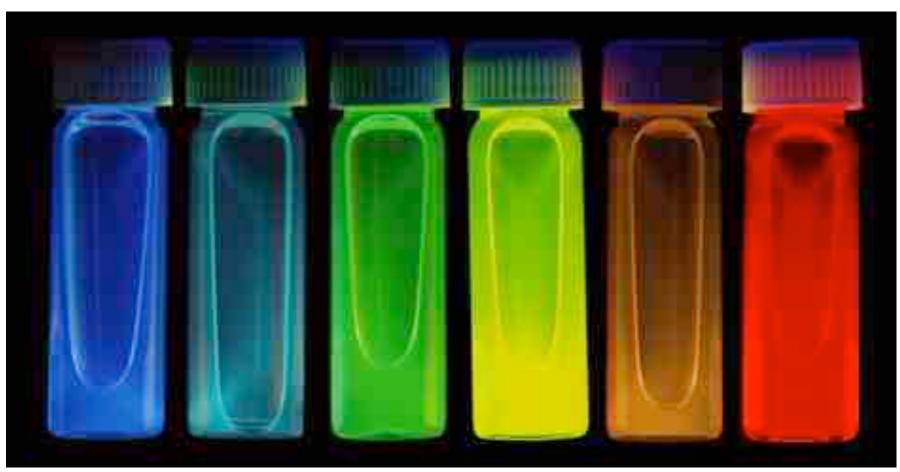


Transmission Electron Microscopy

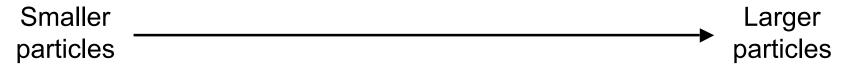
Unique Quantum Properties



Quantum Dots - particle size determines fluorescence



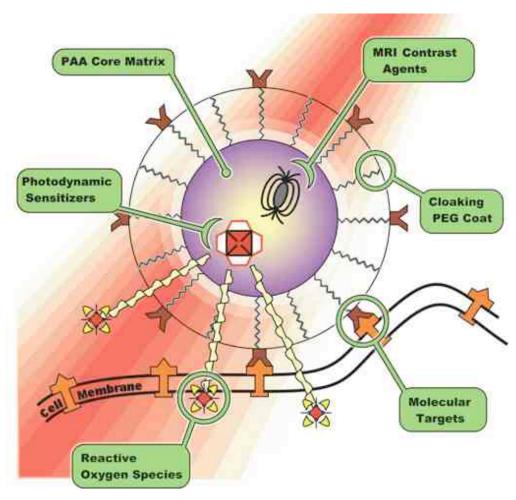
[©]Felice Frankel. web.mit.edu/felicef. This image is part of the larger "Envisioning Science Project" at MIT



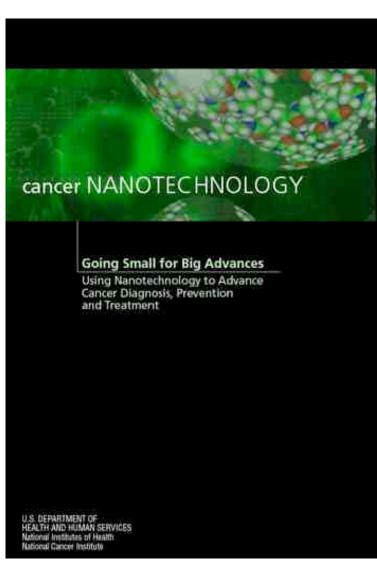
Unique Devices

'Smart' multifunctional nanoparticles





Raoul Kopelman and Martin Philbert, University of Michigan

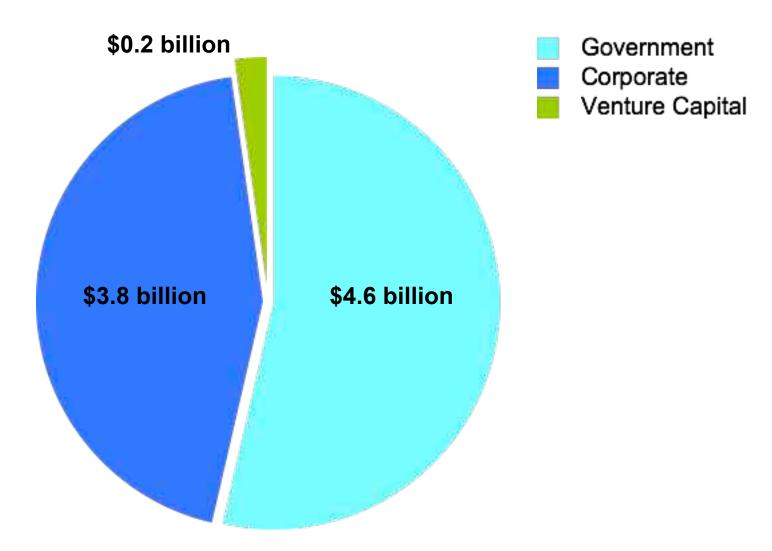


nano.cancer.gov

Nanotechnology Investment and Impact



Global R&D Investment in 2004

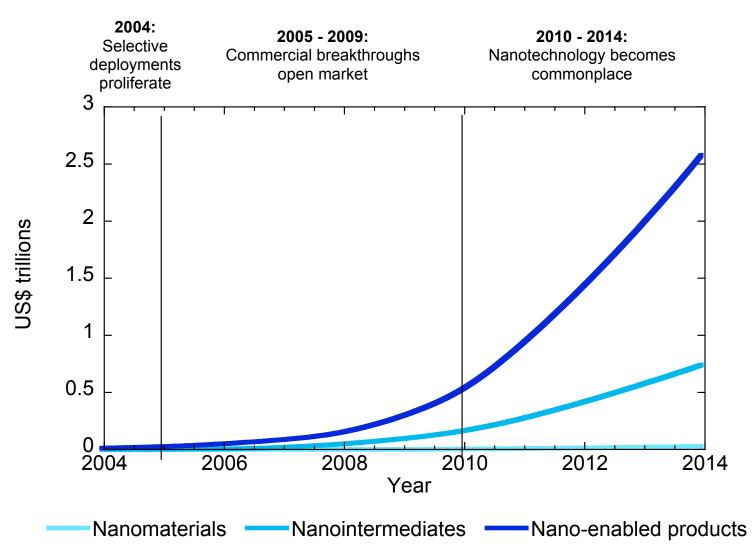


Source: 2004 Lux Research Reference Study: "The Nanotechnology Report 2004"

Nanotechnology Investment and Impact



Global forecast of products sold incorporating nanotechnology



Source: 2004 Lux Research Report: "Sizing nanotechnology's value chain"

Nanotechnology is 'Now'

Selected consumer products





Defining the Issue





Nanotechnology - The Motivation

 Purposely engineered nanostructured materials and devices demonstrate new, unique and non-scalable properties and behavior

Sustainable Nanotechnology - The Challenge

- Does the nature of engineered nanostructured materials and devices present new safety and health risks?
- How can the benefits of nanotechnology be realized while proactively minimizing the potential risk?

Concern Over the Potential Impact of Nanotechnology



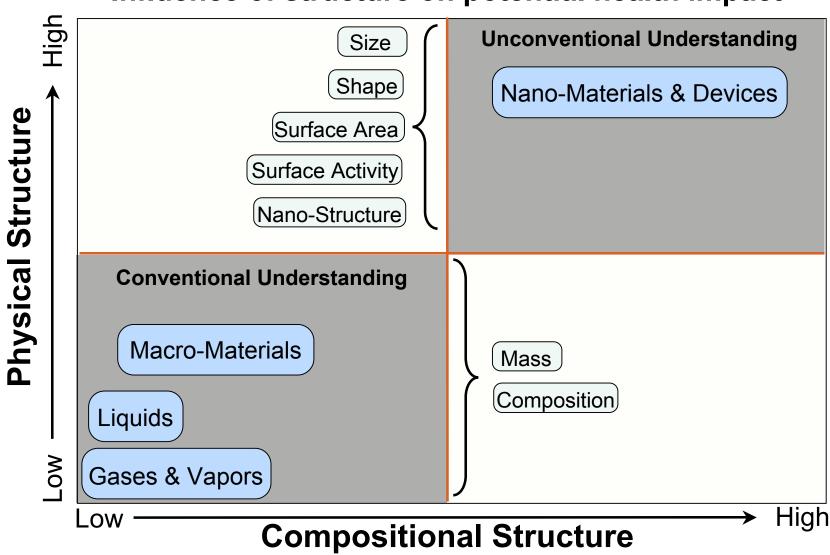


Potential Health Impact



What makes 'nano' different?

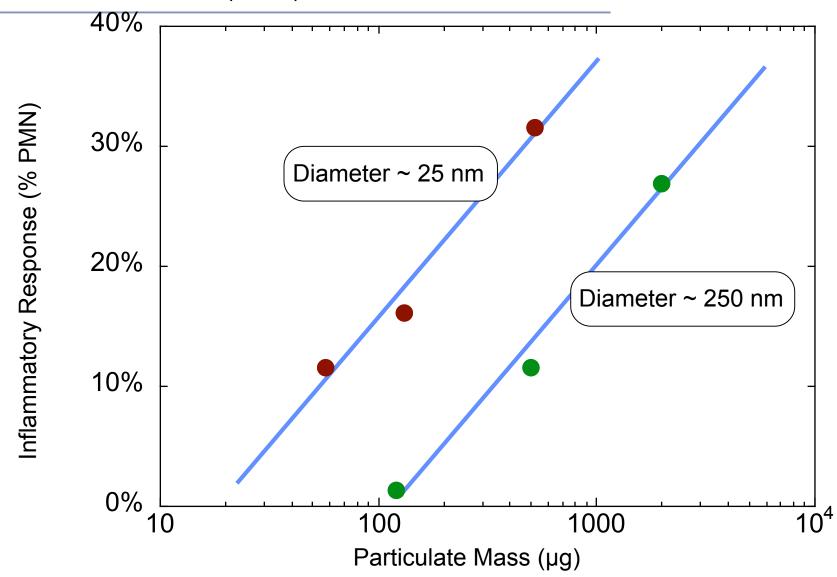
Influence of structure on potential health impact



TiO2 Instillation in Rats



Oberdörster et al. (2000)

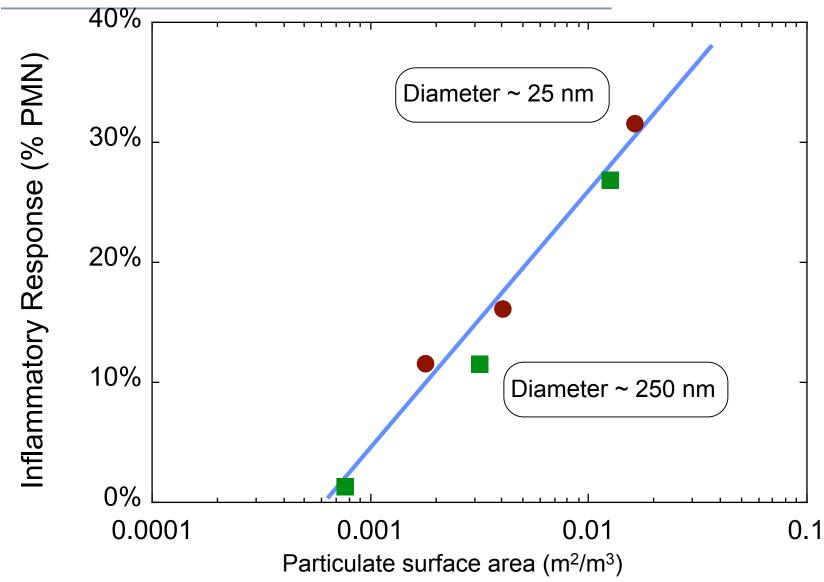


Oberdörster, G. (2000) Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. London Series A 358(1775): 2719-2740.

TiO2 Instillation in Rats - Surface Area



Oberdörster et al. (2000)

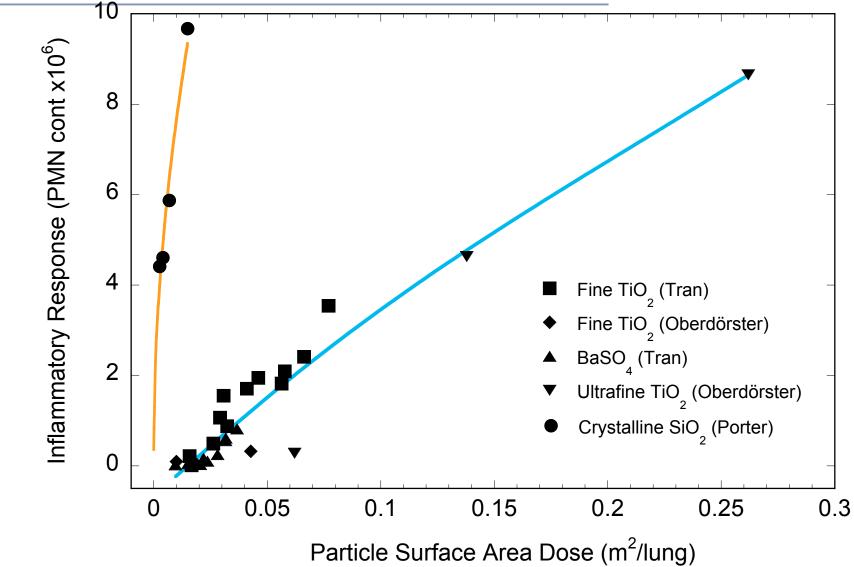


Oberdörster, G. (2000) Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. London Series A 358(1775): 2719-2740.

Significance of Surface Activity



Comparison between low and high activity materials



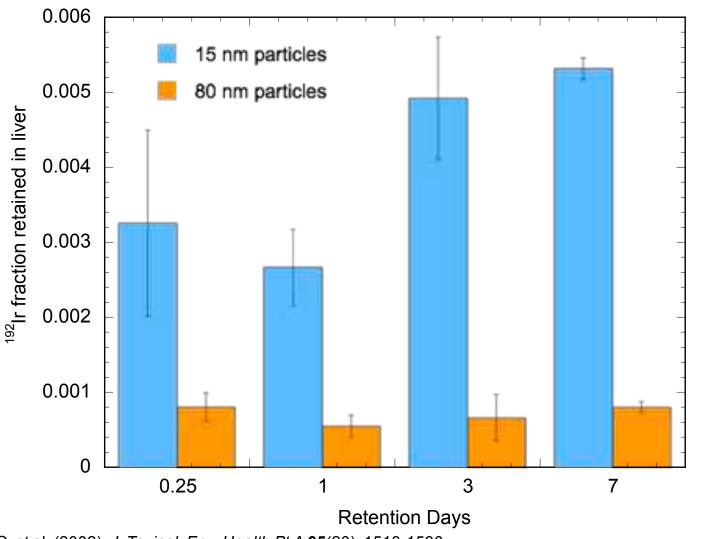
Maynard and Kuempel (2005), Journal of Nanoparticle Research, In Press

Particle Size



Translocation Following Inhalation - Lungs to Liver

Fraction of inhaled insoluble ¹⁹²Ir translocating to liver in rats

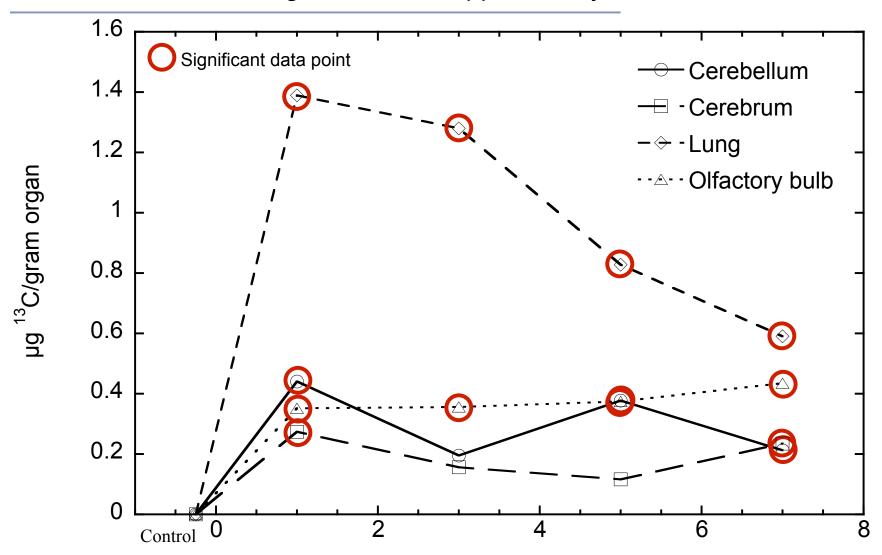


Kreyling, W. G. et al. (2002). J. Toxicol. Env. Health Pt A 65(20): 1513-1530.

Particle Size



Translocation Following Inhalation - Upper airways to brain



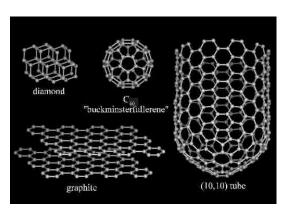
Days after exposure ¹³C labeled 36 nm diameter particles

Oberdörster, G., Z. Sharp, V. Atudorei, A. Elder, R. Gelein, W. Kreyling and C. Cox (2004). *Inhal. Toxicol.* 16(6-7): 437-445.

Significance of Morphology

Single Walled Carbon Nanotubes





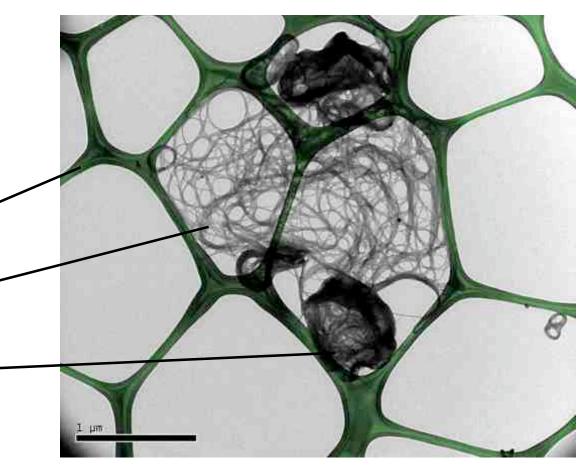
Allotropes of carbon

Carbon support film

Open structured particles

Closed structured particles

Transmission Electron Microscope image of purified single walled carbon nanotube particles

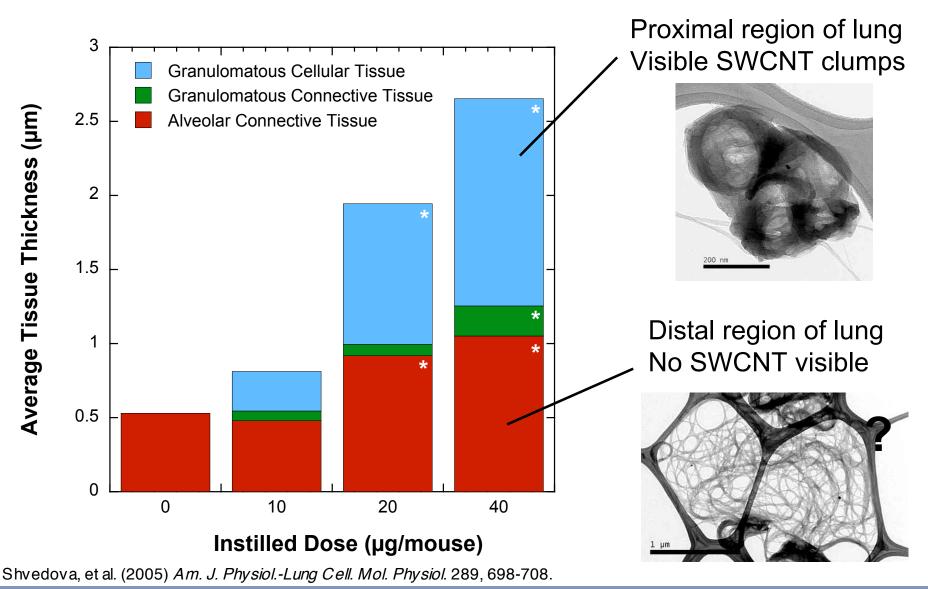


Ku, Evans, Ramsey and Maynard, in Shvedova et al. (2005)

Single Walled Carbon Nanotubes

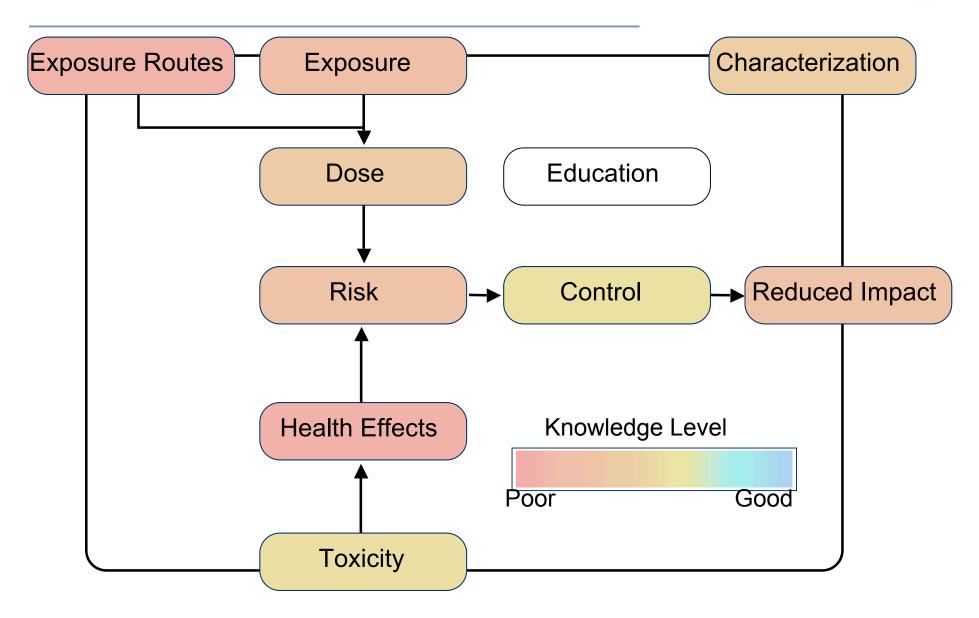


Tissue thickening in mice - Pharyngeal aspiration



Addressing Occupational Impact



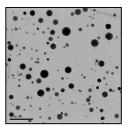


Setting Boundaries



Engineered nanomaterials which potentially present new challenges

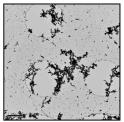
- Criteria:
 - Nanomaterials capable of entering or interacting with the body
 - Nanomaterials which potentially exhibit nanostructure-dependent biological activity



Nanoparticles
Simple, complex, "smart".
Aerosols, powders,
suspensions, slurries



Comminution
Aerosols from grinding,
cutting, machining
nanomaterials



Agglomerates or aggregates of nanoparticles



Degredation/Failure
Aerosols and suspensions
resulting from degradation
and failure of nanomaterials



Aerosolized suspensions Including slurries and solutions of nanomaterials



Unintentional use
Potential exposure from
unanticipated/unintentional
use

Monitoring Nanoscale Aerosol Exposures

Options

- Adapt current mass-based approaches
 - Continuity with the past
 - Sensitivity and relevance issues
- Measure size distribution
 - Provides a lot of information
 - Impractical in many instances
- Monitor number concentration
 - Relatively simple
 - Difficult to differentiate between process-related and background aerosols
 - Relevance?
- Monitor aerosol surface area concentration
 - Relevant for some materials. Is this achievable?

Aerosol Surface-Area Measurement

Using attachment rate

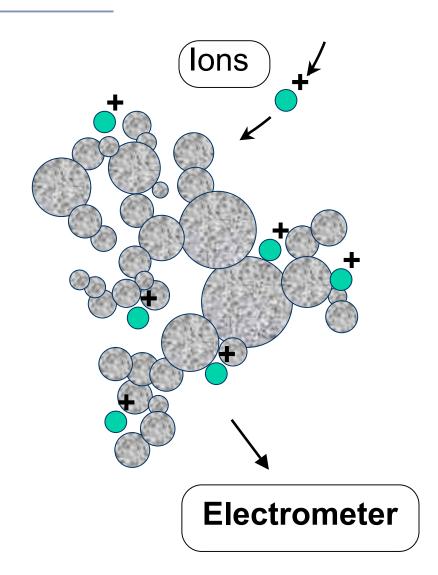


Charge on $_{\infty}$ Surface Aerosol Area



DC2000 CE Diffusion Charger

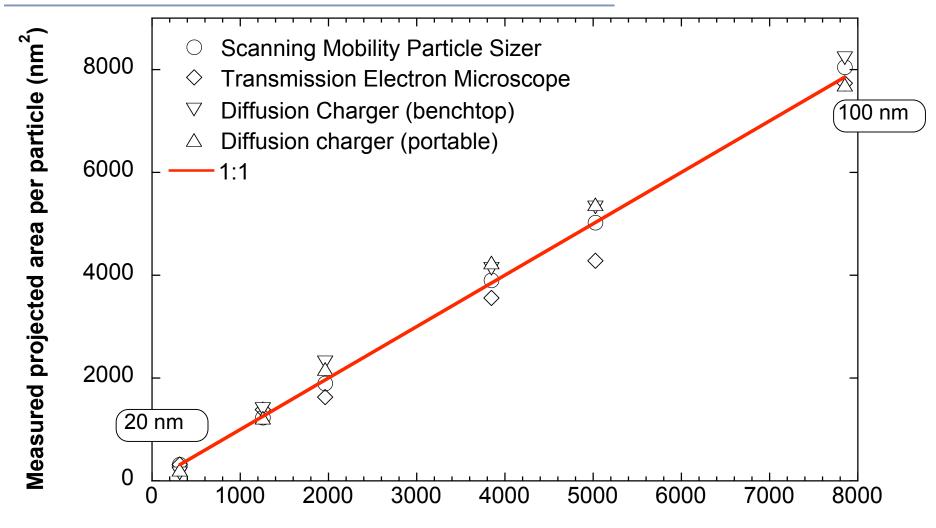
EcoChem



Comparison of Measurement Methods



Monodisperse particles < 100 nm, fractal-like



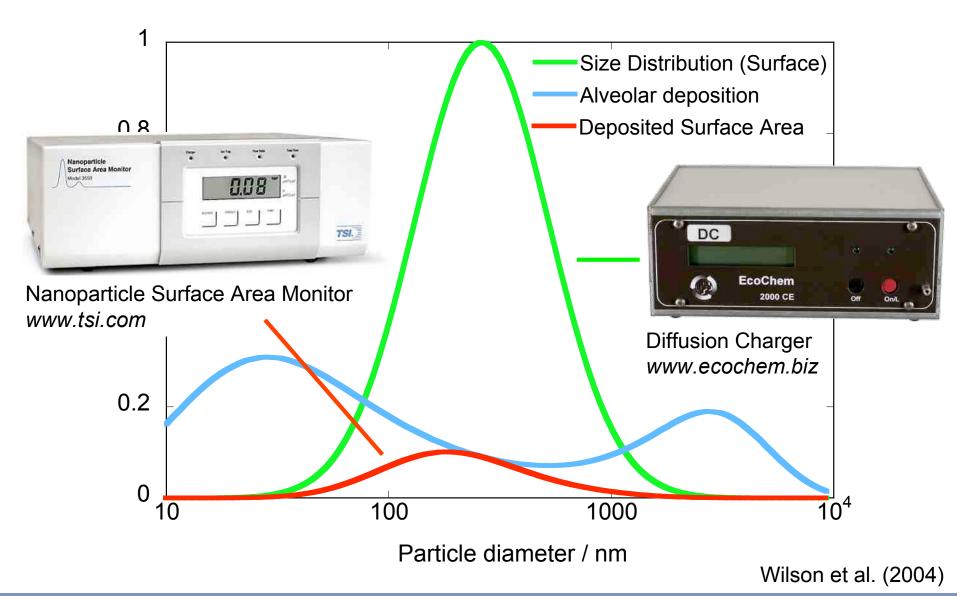
Actual projected area per particle (nm²)

Ku and Maynard, J. Aerosol Sci (in press)

Emerging Measurement Technologies



Deposited Surface Area



Handling Nanotube Material

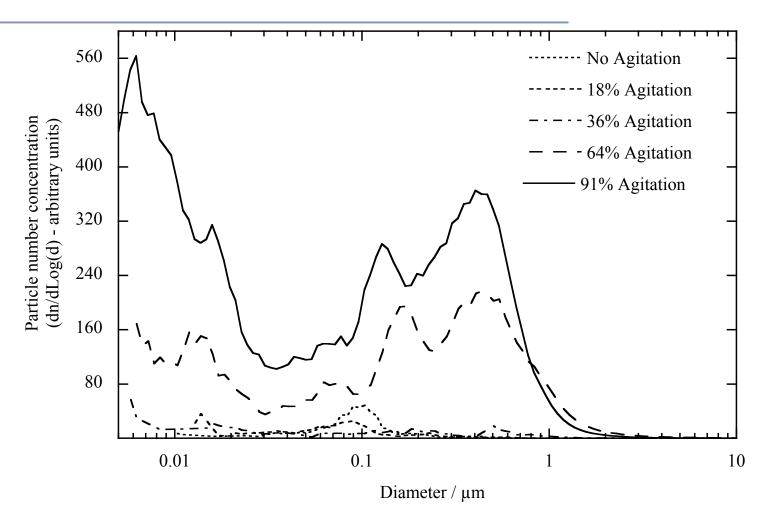




Unprocessed single walled nanotube material





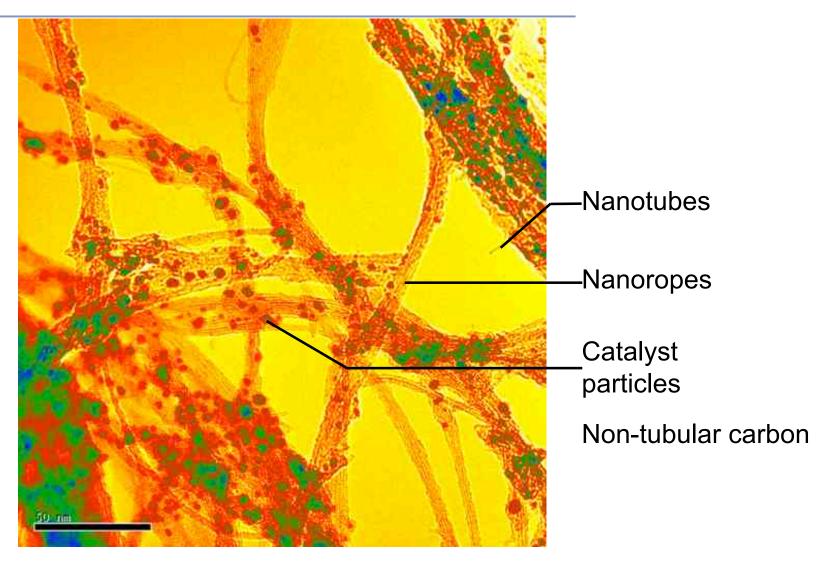


Agitation of unprocessed material in an airflow

Maynard, A. D., P. A. Baron, M. Foley, A. A. Shvedova, E. R. Kisin and V. Castranova (2004). J. Toxicol. Environ. Health 67(1): 87-107.

Single Walled Carbon Nanotubes

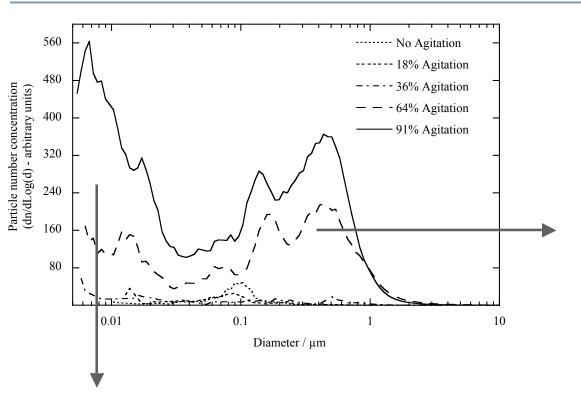


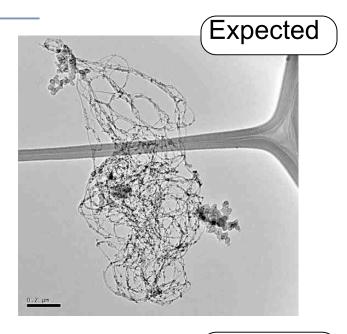


Raw single walled carbon nanotube material.

Nanotube Aerosol Characterization

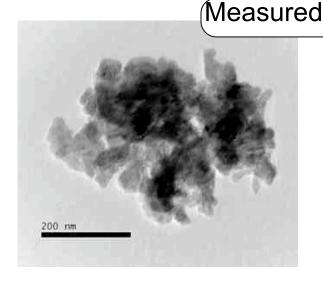






Physical/Chemical Characteristics?

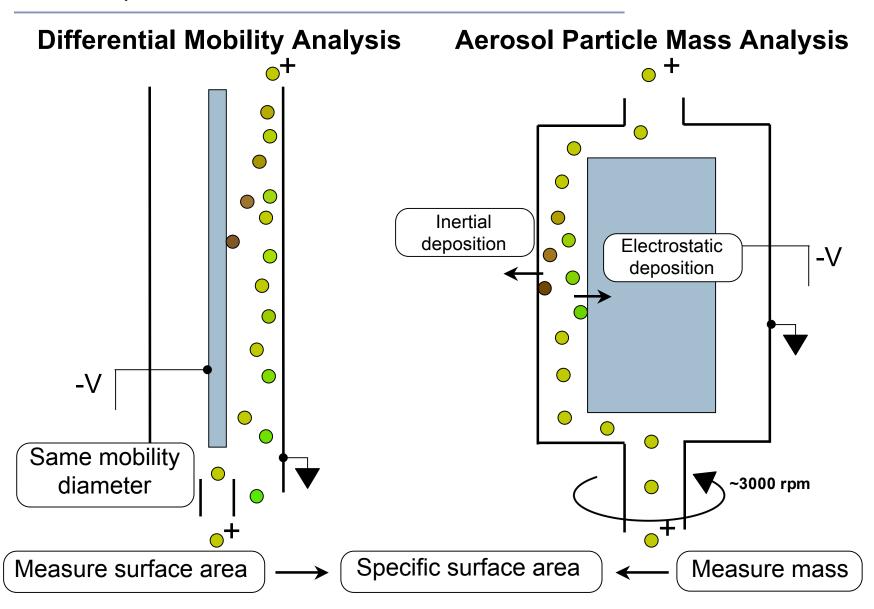
- Discrete carbon nanotubes or nanoropes?
- Transition metal catalyst particles?
- Non-tubular carbon?



Aerosol Characterization



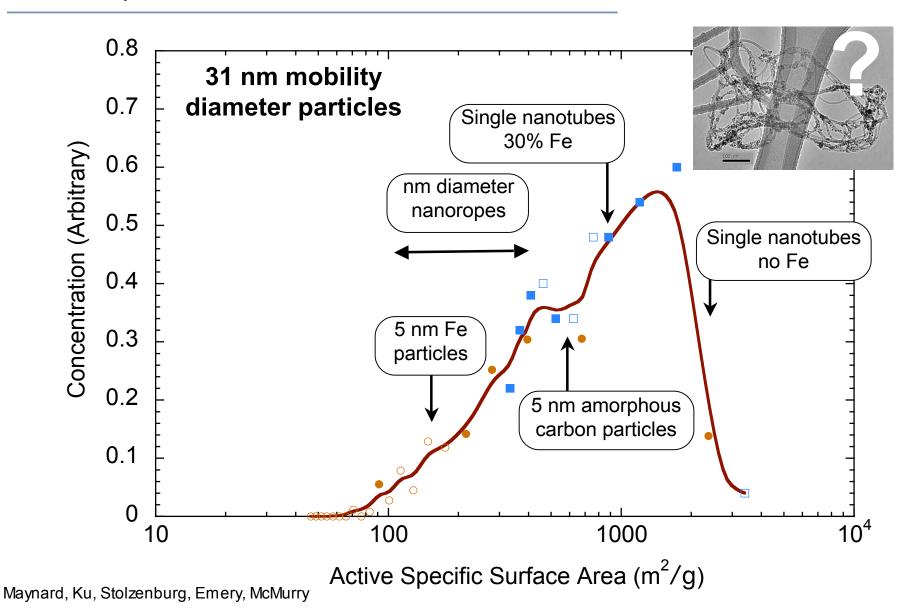
'Active specific surface area' measurements



Aerosol Characterization



'Active' specific surface area

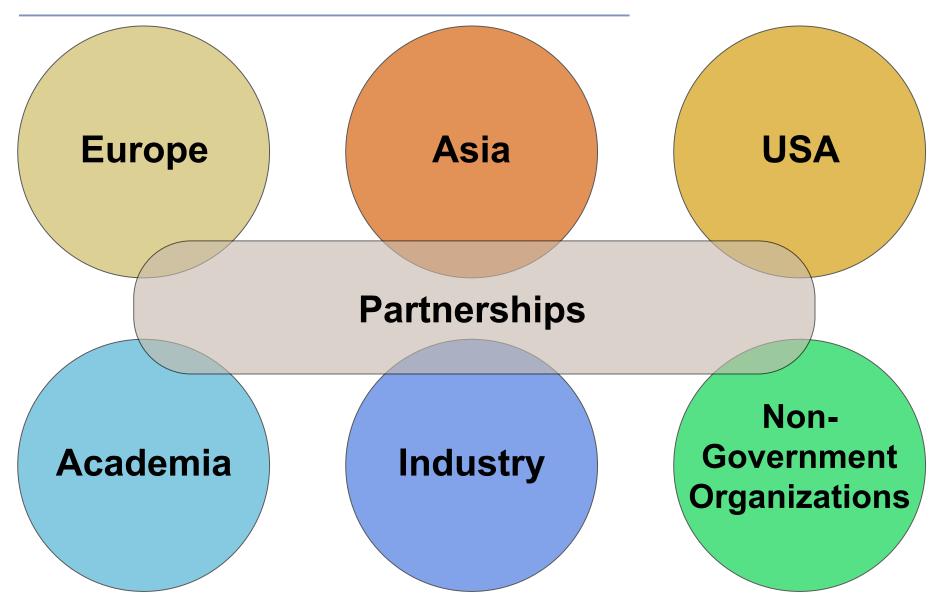


Woodrow Wilson Center, Project on Emerging Nanotechnologies

Impact of Engineered Nanomaterials



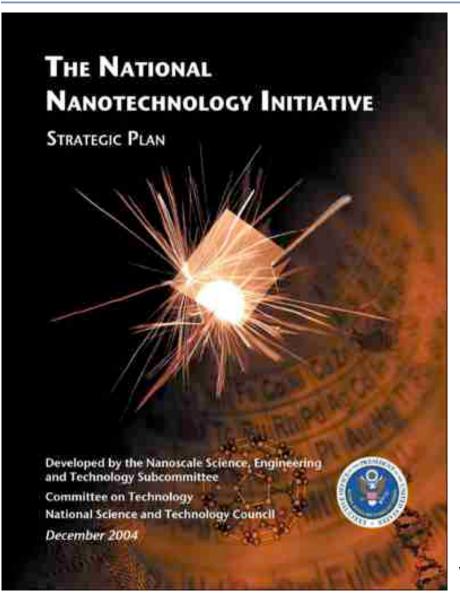
Global initiatives



National Nanotechnology Initiative

Strategic Plan





- Goal 4: Support responsible development of nanotechnology:
- Environmental, health and safety implications
- Ethical, legal and all other societal issues
- Program Component Area 7: Societal Dimensions
- Environmental, health and safety research
- Education
- Broad societal implications

www.nano.gov

Working with Engineered Nanomaterials



NIOSH



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NIOSH Safety and Health Topic:

Nanotechnology

Strategic Plan for NIOSH Nanotechnology Research: Filling the Knowledge Gaps

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The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) is pleased to present the Strategic Plan for NIOSH Nanotechnology Research: Fitting the Knowledge Gaps, September 2005. The strategic plan provides a guide for building a research effort capable of responding to the challenges of this emerging technology. It represents a timely research agenda and will evolve as new information becomes available and a more thorough scientific understanding about nanotechnology develops. The strategic plan describes a multi-dimensional research agenda. It addresses what NIOSH is doing internally and externally to lead the occupational safety and health community collaboratively in nanotechnology research. The strategic plan (full text) can be downloaded for a complete description of NIOSH a activities in the area of nanotechnology. Printer Friendly Version (full text).

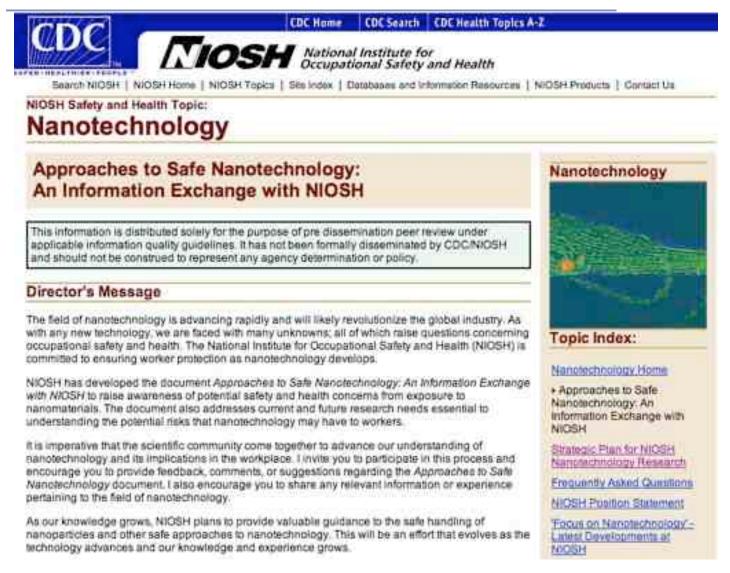


www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/nanotech/strat plan.html

Working with Engineered Nanomaterials



NIOSH



www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/nanotech/nano exchange.html

Project on Emerging Nanotechnologies





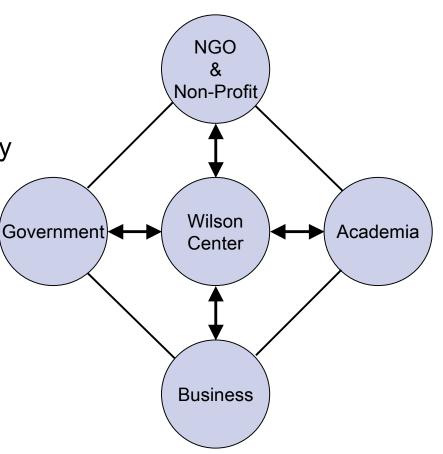


Goal

Ensure government and private sector address the risks as well as the benefits of nanotechnology

Budget\$3 million over 2 years

 Programs
 Meetings, research, polling, outreach



Created July 2005 in partnership with the Pew Charitable Trusts

www.nanotechproject.com

Project on Emerging Nanotechnologies







- Database of federally funded research on environmental, safety and health implications
 - Providing an overview of research focuses and gaps
- Review of airborne nanomaterial exposure measurement requirements
 - Evaluating current capabilities and research/development needs
- Use of gene arrays in ecotoxicity screening
 - Developing rapid, cost-effective screening assays for early detection of potential issues
- Facilitating domestic and international partnerships

Summary



- Nanotechnology is a revolutionary technology
- Significant societal and economic benefits are anticipated
- Conventional risk management models are being challenged
- Successful development and implementation of nanotechnology will require an integrated approach to risk
- Global, interdisciplinary and cross-sector partnerships are essential to developing sustainable nanotechnologies

Looking to the Future

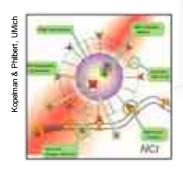


Moving beyond the health impact of 'simple' nanomaterials



Safety

"Unconventional" and unanticipated behavior



Complex nanoparticles and nano-devices

Moving beyond simple response mechanisms



▼Institute for Molecular Manufacturing

Convergence

Revolutionary Health & Safety Challenges

www.liftport.com

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